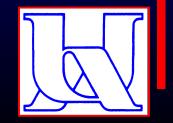
Vanderveken O.^{1, 3}, Boudewyns A.¹, Braem M.², Willemen M.³, Okkerse W.², Verbraecken J.³, Hamans E.¹, De Backer W.³ and Van de Heyning P.¹

Subjective assessment of the effect of a one-piece mandibular advancement device out of thermoplastic material on snoring and daytime sleepiness.

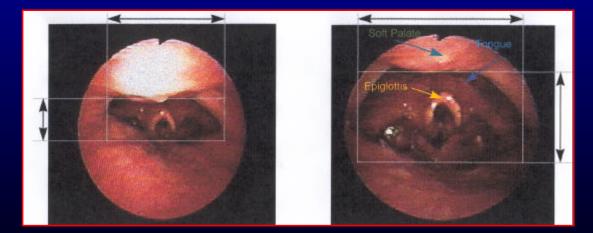


¹ENT; ²Dentistry, and ³Respiratory Medicine, University Hospital Antwerp, Edegem, Antwerp, Belgium.



Mandibular advancement device (MAD)

Enlargement of retroglossal space
 Collapsibility of upper airway
 Cross-sectional dimension UA







Mandibular advancement device (MAD)

- Popular alternative to control SRBD
- Habitual snorers or mild OSA
 +/- excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS)
- Moderate to Severe OSA
 - Intolerance / no compliance / refusal nCPAP
 - or as a temporarily alternative

Standards of Practice Committee of the American Sleep Disorders Association. Practice parameters for the treatment of snoring and obstructive sleep apnea with oral appliances. Sleep. 1995; 18(6): 511-3.

Mandibular advancement device (MAD)

- Various design
- Usually "custom-made"
 - Individually fabricated
 - Polymethyl-methacrylate
 - Potential disadvantages:
 - Costs
 - Time





Somnoguard®

- MAD out of thermoplastic material
- Immediately intraorally adaptable
- 'Boil-and-bite' device
- Low cost appliance

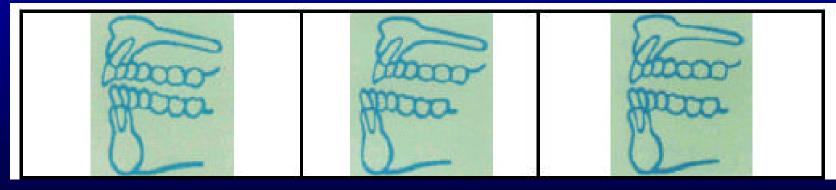






Somnoguard®





normal position jaw

maximal extension

searched position halfway

Aim of the present study

- Subjective evaluation of thermoplastic MAD for the control of daytime sleepiness and snoring
- Instruments:
 - Daytime Sleepiness: Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS)
 - Snoring: Visual Analogue Scale (VAS)



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Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) (0-24)

 Subjective daytime sleepiness evaluated by the ESS

• EDS defined as ESS score > 10

Johns MW. A new method for measuring daytime sleepiness: the Epworth sleepiness scale. Sleep. 1991; 14(6): 540-5.

Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) (0-10)

- Standard 10 cm visual analogue scale (VAS) to evaluate snoring during sleep assessed by the sleeping partner
- 0 (no snoring noise) 10 (extreme noise-bedpartner leaves the room)
- Heavy snoring defined as VAS ≥ 7





Patients & Methods

- 36 heavy snorers

 (29 males; age 47.1±11.6 years (mean±SD); body mass index(BMI) 25.9±3.4 kg/m²; AHI 6.3±7.0)
- 1-month & 6-months follow-up visits
- End-point: follow-up after 0.8±0.4 y
- Responder = use of the device + important reduction in snoring (VAS≤3)

Statistical analysis

- Data presented as mean ± SEM
- Bonferroni method
- SPSS for Windows
- Statistical significance: p < 0.05



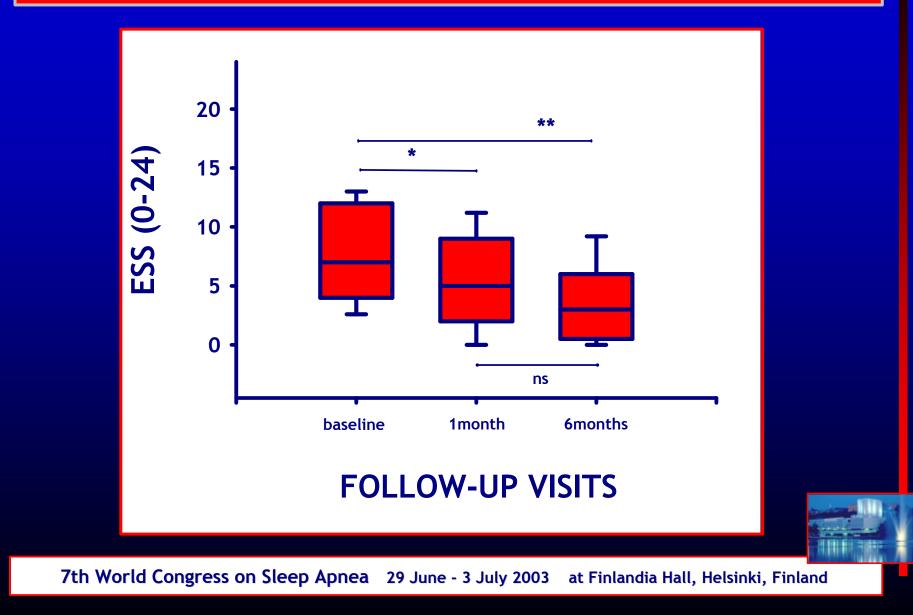
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Subjective evaluation (n=36) Daytime Sleepiness - Epworth Sleepiness Scale

- 9 patients reporting EDS at baseline
- Six out of 9: ESS $\leq 10/24$ with MAD (67%)
- Statistically significant reduction in ESS at both follow-ups compared to baseline

baseline	7.4 ± 0.8
1month	5.3 ± 0.8
6months	4.1 ± 0.7

ESS values (n=36) before adaptation and at a 1-month and a 6months follow-up; * p = 0.005; ** p < 0.001; ns = no significance

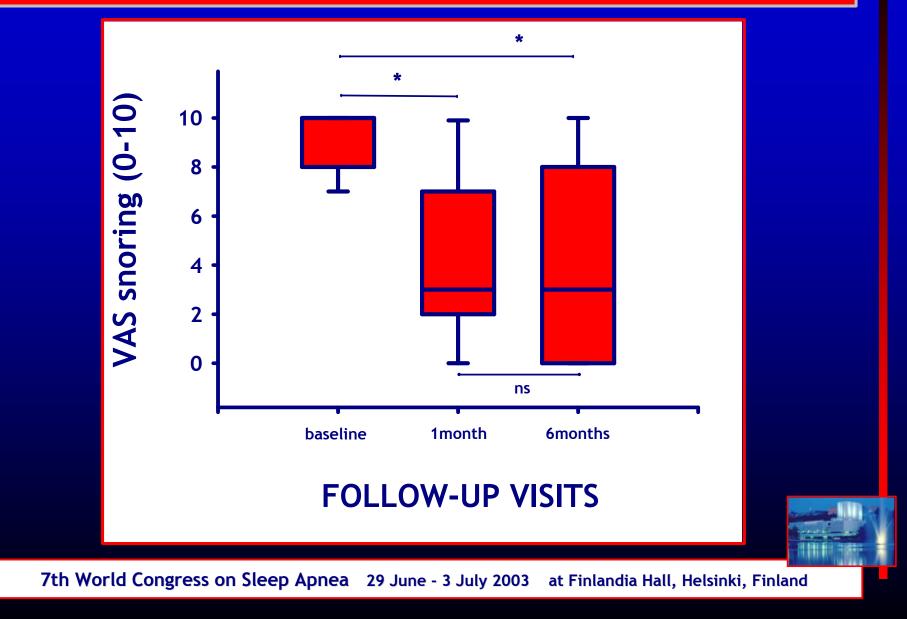


Snoring - Visual Analogue Scale (n=36)

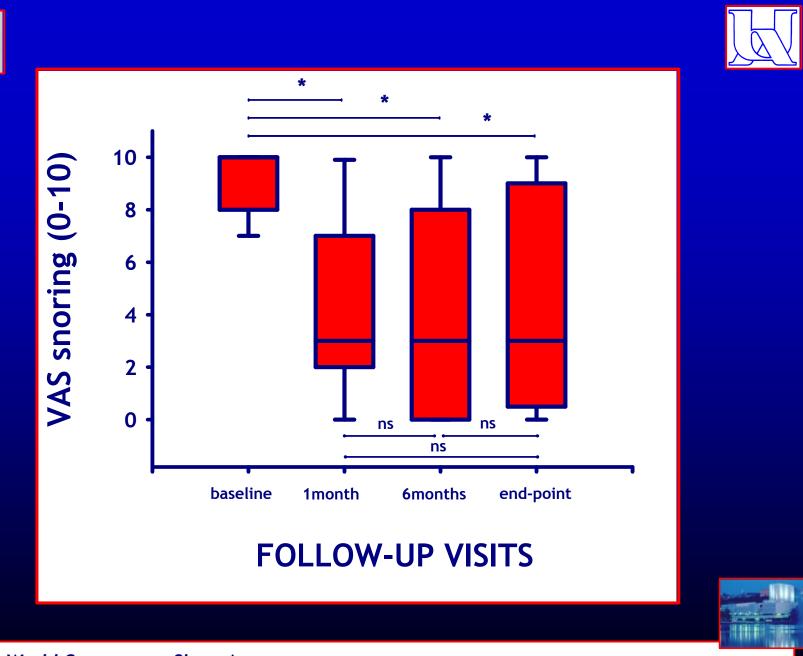
- At end-point follow-up (0.8±0.4 y): 56% responder rate
- Statistically significant reduction in VAS at both follow-ups compared to baseline

baseline	9.0 ± 0.2
1month	4.1 ± 0.6
6months	4.2 ± 0.6

VAS values (n=36) before adaptation and at a 1-month and a 6-months follow-up; * p < 0.001; ns = no significance







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Conclusions

- Significant reduction of subjective snoring and daytime sleepiness in heavy snorers and mild OSA
- Cost-effective & valuable treatment for heavy snoring +/- EDS



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Considerations for future study

- Screening of candidates for custommade MAD with thermoplastic MAD ?
 - Further evaluation of the immediately adaptable technique
 - Studies that compare custom-made & thermoplastic devices

Schönhofer B, Hochban W, Vieregge HJ, Brunig H, Kohler D. Immediate intraoral adaptation of mandibular advancing appliances of thermoplastic material for the treatment of obstructive sleep apnea. Respiration. 2000; 67(1): 83-8.

Pilot study (n=20)

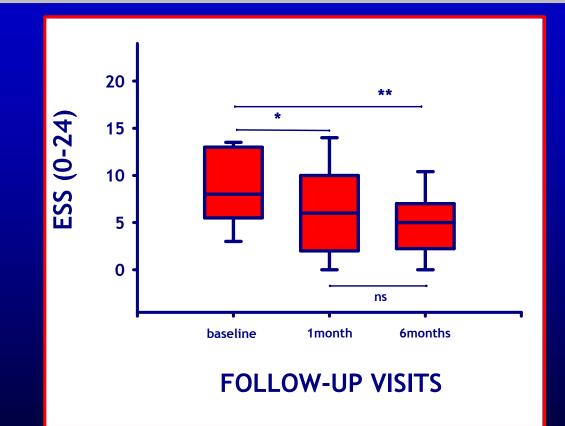
- 20 heavy snorers

 (15 males; age 46.8±12.1 years (mean±SD); body mass index(BMI) 26.7±3.5 kg/m²; AHI 5.5±4.6)
- efficacy, feasibility, side effects and compliance of Somnoguard®
- 1-month & 6-months follow-up visits

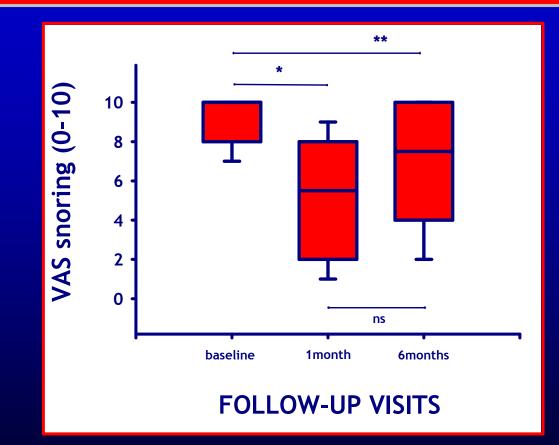
Polygraphy results without (baseline) and with (1 month) MAD; * p = 0.001 (n=17); Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test



Subjective daytime sleepiness values (n=20) before adaptation and at the 1-month and 6-months follow-up visits; * p = 0.036; ** p = 0.033; ns = no significance



Subjective snoring values (n=20) before adaptation and at the 1-month and the 6-months follow-up visits; * p < 0.001; ** p = 0.025; ns = no significance



Pilot study (n=20)

- 65% success rate on AHI (success = reduction AHI of at least 50 %)
- Significant reduction of subjective snoring and daytime sleepiness
- Rather high compliance rate
- No severe side effects